

# RJ/SJ

RJ Series Slim Power Relays SJ Series Relay Sockets



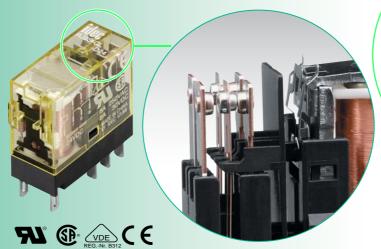
# RJ Series Slim Power Relays

### Compact housing, large switching capacity.

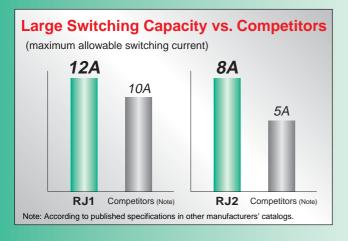
Plug-in terminal relays suitable for control panels, machine tools, and a wide variety of applications.

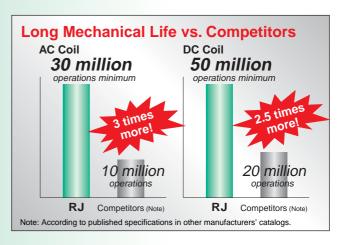
Large Switching Capacity Excellent Durability

- Large Switching Capacity
   Highly conductive materials
   ensure stable electric
   conduction of current.
- Excellent Durability
   Our unique return spring structure provides improved durability and reliability of all mechanical parts.









High Visibility LED Indicator

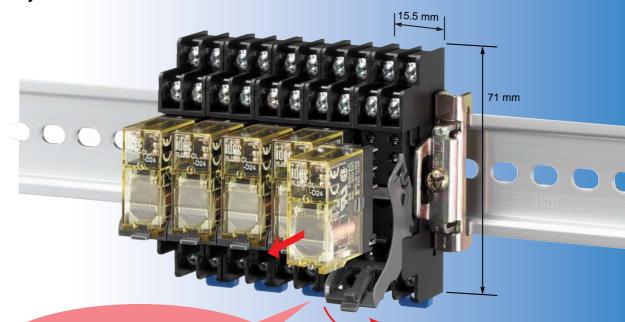
- IDEC's Unique Light Guide Structure
   An RJ relay can be easily identified with
   the illuminating LED.
- •IEC-compliant Green Indication



# SJ Series Relay Sockets

### Slim sockets save space.

RJ series relays can be mounted on DIN rails or panels using SJ series relay sockets.



### Release Lever

Relays can be easily removed using release levers.

Standard Screw Terminal Type

SJ Socket

**Versions** 



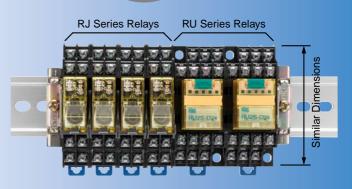
Finger-safe Screw Terminal Type (IP20)



### RoHS directive compliant (2002/95/EC)

The RJ series relays and the SJ series sockets do not contain lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium, PBB, or PBDE.

**Easy Wiring!** 



By combining with the RU series relays, the contact capacity increases and more contact configuration types become available.

Because the screw terminal size is M3 on both sockets, wiring can be completed easily and efficiently.

## RJ series Slim Power Relays

### Compact and rugged power relays. Large switching capacity.

• Compact housing only 12.7-mm wide.

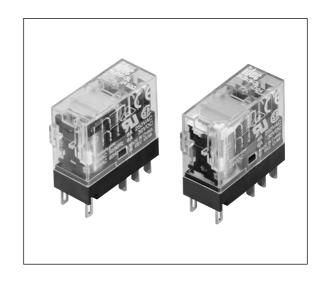
Large contact rating RJ1S (1-pole): 12A RJ2S (2-pole): 8A

- Non-polarized LED indicator available. IDEC's unique light guide structure enables high visibility of coil status from any direction.
- Excellent electrical and mechanical life. Electrical life: 200,000 operations (AC load) Mechanical life: 30 million operations (AC coil)
- Environmentally friendly, RoHS directive compliant (EU directive 2002/95/EC). Contains no lead, cadmium, mercury, hexavalent chromium, PBB or PBDE).
- Diode type

Diode reverse withstand voltage: 1000V

• UL recognized, CSA certified, EN compliant.

Standard	Mark	Certification Organization / File No.
UL508	A	UL File No. E55996
CSA C22.2 No. 14	١	1608322 (LR35144)
EN61810-1	VDE RegNr. B312	VDE (REGNr. B312)
	$\mathbf{\epsilon}$	EC Low Voltage Directive



### **Types**

• Plug-in Terminal Type

Туре	1-pole (SF	PDT)	2-pole (DF	PDT)
туре	Type No.	Code	Type No.	Code
Standard (with LED Indicator)	RJ1S-CL-*	A24 A110 A120 A220 A230	RJ2S-CL-*	A24 A110 A120 A220 A230
Simple (without LED Indicator)	RJ1S-C-*	A240 D12 D24 D48 D100	RJ2S-C-*	A240 D12 D24 D48 D100
With diode (DC coil only) (with LED indicator) A1: -, A2: +	RJ1S-CLD-*		RJ2S-CLD-*	
With diode (DC coil only) A1: -, A2: +	RJ1S-CD-*	D12 D24	RJ2S-CD-*	D12 D24
With diode (DC coil only) (with LED indicator) A1: +, A2: –	RJ1S-CLD1-*	D48 D100	RJ2S-CLD1-*	D48 D100
With diode (DC coil only) A1: +, A2: –	RJ1S-CD1-*		RJ2S-CD1-*	

### Coil Voltage Code \*

Code	Rated Coil Voltage
A24	24V AC
A110	110V AC
A120	120V AC
A220	220V AC
A230	230V AC
A240	240V AC
D12	12V DC
D24	24V DC
D48	48V DC
D100	100-110V DC

Note: Specify a coil voltage code in place of \* in the Type No.

### **Contact Ratings**

	Allowable (		ontact Power		Rated Load												
No. of Poles	Contact	Resistive Load			Resistive Load	Inductive Load cos Ø = 0.3 L/R = 7 ms	Allowable Switching Current	Allowable Switching Voltage	Minimum Applicable Load (Note)								
	NO	3000VA AC	1875VA AC	250V AC	12A	7.5A											
4	360W DC	360W DC	180W DC	30V DC	12A	6A	12A	250V AC	5V DC, 100 mA								
'	NC	3000VA AC	3000VA AC	3000VA AC	3000VA AC	3000VA AC	3000VA AC	3000VA AC	3000VA AC	3000VA AC	1875VA AC	250V AC	12A	7.5A	127	125V DC	(reference value)
	INC	180W DC	90W DC	30V DC	6A	3A											
	NO	2000VA AC	1000VA AC	250V AC	8A	4A											
	2 NC 240W DC 240W DC 120W DC	120W DC	30V DC	8A	4A	8A	250V AC	5V DC, 10 mA									
			1000VA AC	250V AC	8A	4A	OA	125V DC	(reference value)								
		NC NC	120W DC	60W DC	30V DC	4A	2A										

Note: Measured at operating frequency of 120 operations per minute (failure rate level P, reference value)



### **Approved Ratings**

	UL				CSA					VDE						
Voltage	Resistive			Resistive				Inductive				Resistive		AC-15, (No	DC-13 ote)	
	R	J1	R	J2	R	J1	R	J2	R	J1	R	J2	RJ1	RJ2	RJ1	RJ2
	NO	NC	NO	NC	NO	NC	NO	NC	NO	NC	NO	NC	NO	NO	NO	NO
250V AC	12A	12A	8A	8A	12A	12A	8A	8A	7.5A	7.5A	4A	4A	12A	8A	6A	3A
30V DC	12A	6A	8A	4A	12A	6A	8A	4A	6A	3A	4A	2A	12A	8A	2.5A	2A

Note: According to the utilization categories of IEC60947-5-1

### **Coil Ratings**

<del></del>	tatiligs												
				Without LED Indicator			With LED Indicator			Operating Characteristics (against rated values at 20°C)			
Rated	Rated Voltage		Coil /oltage Code Rated Current (mA) ±15% (at 20°C)		Coil Resistance (Ω)			Coil Resistance (Ω)	Minimum Pickup	Dropout Voltage	Maximum Continuous Applied Voltage	Power Consumption	
			50 Hz	60 Hz	±10% (at 20°C)	50 Hz	60 Hz	±10% (at 20°C)	Voltage		(Note)		
	24V AC	A24	43.9	37.5	243	47.5	41.1	243			140%	Approx. 0.9 VA (60Hz)	
	110V AC	A110	9.6	8.2	5270	9.5	8.1	5270					
AC	120V AC	A120	8.8	7.5	6400	8.7	7.4	6400	80%				
50/60 Hz	220V AC	A220	4.8	4.1	21530	4.8	4.1	21530	maximum				
	230V AC	A230	4.6	3.9	24100	4.6	3.9	24100					
	240V AC	A240	4.3	3.7	25570	4.3	3.7	25570					
	12V	D12	44	.2	271	48	3.0	271					
DC	24V	D24	22	2.1	1080	25	5.7	1080	70% maximum	70% 10%	170%	Approx.	
	48V	D48	11	.0	4340	10	).7	4340		minimum		0.53W	
	100-110V	D100	5.3	-5.8	18870	5.2	-5.7	18870			160%		

Note: Maximum continuous applied voltage is the maximum voltage that can be applied on relay coils.

### **Specifications**

Туре		RJ1S	RJ2S			
Number of Po	oles	1-pole	2-pole			
Contact Conf	iguration	SPDT DPDT				
Contact Mate	rial	Silver-nickel alloy				
Degree of Pro	otection	IP40				
Contact Resis	stance (initial value) (*1)	50 mΩ maximum				
Operate Time	e (*2)	15 ms maximum				
Release Time	e (*2)	10 ms maximum (with diode: 20 ms maximum)				
	Between contact and coil	5000V AC, 1 minute	5000V AC, 1 minute			
Dielectric Strength	Between contacts of the same pole	1000V AC, 1 minute	1000V AC, 1 minute			
3	Between contacts of different poles	_	3000V AC, 1 minute			
Vibration	Operating extremes	10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.75 mm				
Resistance	Damage limits	10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.75 mm				
Shock	Operating extremes	NO contact: 200 m/s <sup>2</sup> , NC contact: 100 m/s <sup>2</sup>				
Resistance	Damage limits	1000 m/s <sup>2</sup>				
Electrical Life	(rated load)	AC load: 200,000 operations minimum (operation frequency 1800 operations per hour) DC load: 100,000 operations minimum (operation frequency 1800 operations per hour)				
Mechanical Life (no load)		AC coil: 30,000,000 operations minimum (operation frequency 18,000 operations per hour) DC coil: 50,000,000 operations minimum (operation frequency 18,000 operations per hour)				
Operating Ter	mperature (*3)	-40 to +70°C (no freezing)				
Operating Hu	midity	5 to 85% RH (no condensation)				
Weight (appro	ox.)	19g				

Note: Above values are initial values.

- \*1: Measured using 5V DC, 1A voltage drop method.
- \*2: Measured at the rated voltage (at 20°C), excluding contact bounce time.
- \*3: 100% rated voltage.

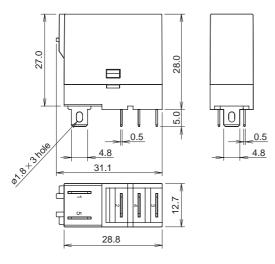


### **RJ Series Slim Power Relays**

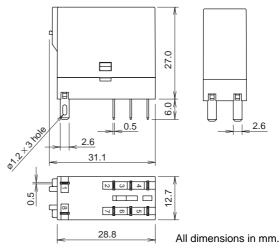
### **Dimensions**

• RJ1S Type



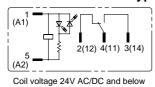


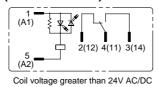
• RJ2S-CL Type



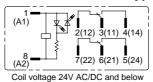
### **Internal Connection Diagrams**

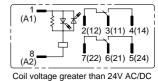
• RJ1S-CL-\* Standard Type (w/LED Indicator)



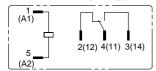


### • RJ2S-CL-\* Standard Type (w/LED Indicator)

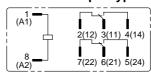




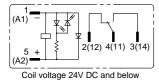
• RJ1S-C-\* Simple Type

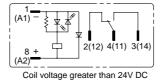


### • RJ2S-C-\* Simple Type

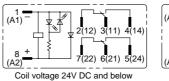


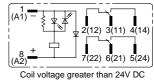
### • RJ1S-CLD-\* With Diode (w/LED Indicator)



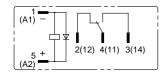


### • RJ2S-CLD-\* With Diode (w/LED Indicator)

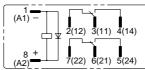




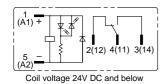
### • RJ1S-CD-\* With Diode

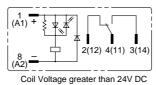


### • RJ2S-CD-\* With Diode

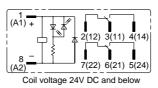


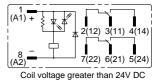
### • RJ1S-CLD1-\* With Diode (w/LED Indicator)



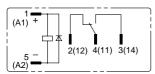


### • RJ2S-CLD1-\* With Diode (w/LED Indicator)

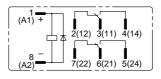




### • RJ1S-CD1-\* With Diode

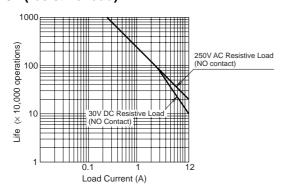


• RJ2S-CD1-\* With Diode

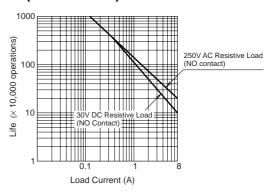


### **Electrical Life Curve**

### • RJ1 (resistive load)

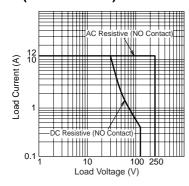


### • RJ2 (resistive load)

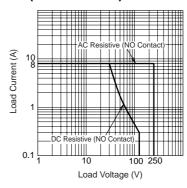


### **Maximum Switching Capacity**

### • RJ1 (resistive load)

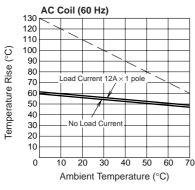


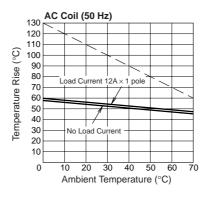
### • RJ2 (resistive load)

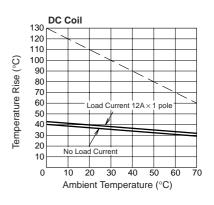


### **Operating Temperature and Coil Temperature Rise**

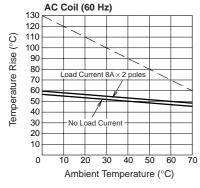
### • R.I1

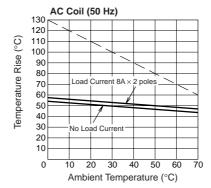


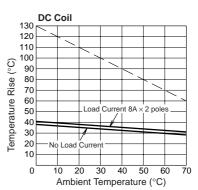




### • RJ2







The above temperature rise curves show characteristics when 100% the rated coil voltage is applied. The slanted dashed line indicates allowable temperature rise for the coil at different ambient temperatures.



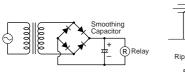
### **RJ Series Slim Power Relays**

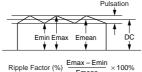
### Instructions

### **Driving Circuit for Relays**

- To make sure of correct relay operation, apply rated voltage to the relay coil.
- 2. Input voltage for the DC coil:

A complete DC voltage is best for the coil power to make sure of stable relay operation. When using a power supply containing a ripple voltage, suppress the ripple factor within 5%. When power is supplied through a rectification circuit, the relay operating characteristics, such as pickup voltage and dropout voltage, depend on the ripple factor. Connect a smoothing capacitor for better operating characteristics as shown below.

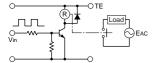


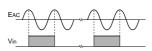


Emax = Maximum of pulsating current
Emin = Minimum of pulsating current
Emean = DC mean value

3. Operating the relay in synchronism with AC load:

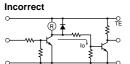
If the relay operates in synchronism with the AC power voltage of the load, the relay life may be reduced. If this is the case, select a relay in consideration of the required reliability for the load. Or, make the relay turn on and off irrespective of the AC power phase or near the point where the AC phase crosses zero voltage.

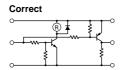




4. Leakage current while relay is off:

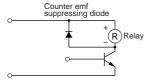
When driving an element at the same time as the relay operation, a special consideration is needed for the circuit design. As shown in the incorrect circuit below, leakage current (lo) flows through the relay coil while the relay is off. Leakage current causes the coil release failure or adversely affects the vibration resistance and shock resistance. Design a circuit as shown in the correct example.





5. Surge suppression for transistor driving circuits:

When the relay coil is turned off, a high-voltage pulse is generated, causing the transistor to deteriorate and sometimes to break. Be sure to connect a diode to suppress the counter electromotive force. Then, the coil release time becomes slightly longer. To shorten the coil release time, connect a Zener diode between the collector and emitter of the transistor. Select a Zener diode with a Zener voltage slightly higher than the power voltage.

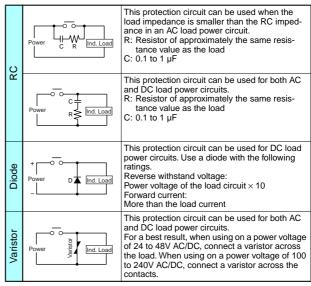


### **Protection for Relay Contacts**

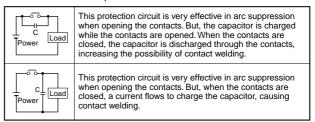
- The contact ratings show maximum values. Make sure that these values are not exceeded. When an inrush current flows through the load, the contact may become welded. If this is the case, connect a contact protection circuit, such as a current limiting resistor.
- 2. Contact protection circuit:

When switching an inductive load, arcing causes carbides to form on the contacts, resulting in an increased contact resistance. In consideration of contact reliability, contact life, and noise suppression, use of a surge absorbing circuit is recommended. Note that

the release time of the load becomes slightly longer. Check the operation using the actual load. Incorrect use of a contact protection circuit will adversely affect switching characteristics. Four typical examples of contact protection circuits are shown in the following table:



3. Do not use a contact protection circuit as shown below:



Generally, switching a DC inductive load is more difficult than switching a DC resistive load. Using an appropriate arc suppressor, however, will improve the switching characteristics of a DC inductive load.

### **Other Precautions**

1. General notice:

To maintain the initial characteristics, do not drop the relay or shock the relay.

The relay cover cannot be removed from the base during normal operation. To maintain the initial characteristics, do not remove the relay cover

Use the relay in environments free from condensation, dust, sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>), and hydrogen sulfide (H<sub>2</sub>S).

Make sure that the coil voltage does not exceed the applicable coil voltage range.

2. Connecting outputs to electronic circuits:

When the output is connected to a load which responds very quickly, such as an electronic circuit, contact bouncing causes incorrect operation of the load. Take the following measures into consideration.

- Connect an integral circuit.
- Suppress the pulse voltage due to bouncing within the noise margin of the load.
- UL- and CSA-approved ratings may differ from product rated values determined by IDEC.
- Do not use relays in the vicinity of strong magnetic field, as this may affect relay operation.

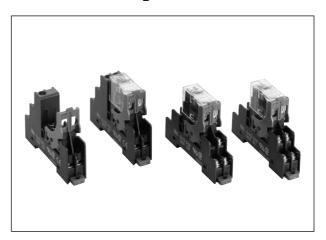


## SJ Series Relay Sockets

### Slim, space-saving relay sockets. Release lever allows for easy maintenance in narrow spaces.

- 15.5-mm wide
- Standard screw terminal and finger-safe screw terminal are available.
- Degree of protection IP20 (finger-safe screw terminal)
- The release lever makes installation and removal of relays inside small panels simple and quick.
- RoHS compliant (EU directive 2002/95/EC)
- UL recognized, CSA certified, EN compliant.

Standard	Mark	Approval organization / File No.
UL508	<b>71</b> °	UL File No. E62437
CSA C22.2 No. 14		166730 (LR84913)
EN60999	$\epsilon$	EC Low Voltage Directive (Finger-safe screw terminal only)



### **Types**

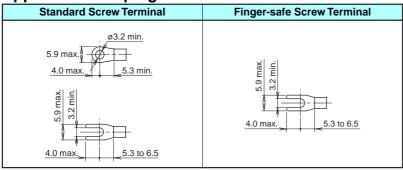
Type	Туре	No.
Туре	1-pole	2-pole
Standard Screw Terminal	SJ1S-05B	SJ2S-05B
Finger-safe Screw Terminal	SJ1S-07L	SJ2S-07L

Note: Release lever is supplied with each socket.

### **Specifications**

Туре	SJ1S	SJ2S				
Rated Current	12A	8A				
Rated Insulation Voltage	250V AC/DC					
Applicable Wire	2 mm <sup>2</sup> maximum (14 AWG)					
Applicable Crimping Terminal	$2 \text{ mm}^2 \times 2$					
Recommended Tightening Torque	0.6 to 1.0 N·m (maximum tighte	ening torque: 1.2 N·m)				
Screw Terminal Style	M3 slotted Phillips screw					
Terminal Strength	Wire tensile strength: 50N minimum					
Dielectric Strength	Between live and dead metal parameters between contact and coil:  Between contacts of the same parameters between contacts of the same parameters.	4000V AC, 1 minute				
Vibration Resistance	Damage limits: 90 m/s <sup>2</sup> Resonance: 10 to 55 Hz, amplit	tude 0.75 mm				
Shock Resistance	Damage limits: 1000 m/s <sup>2</sup>					
Operating Temperature	-40 to +70°C (no freezing)					
Operating Humidity	5 to 85% RH (no condensation)					
Degree of Protection	IP20 (finger-safe screw terminal)					
Weight (approx.)	30g	34g				

### **Applicable Crimping Terminals**



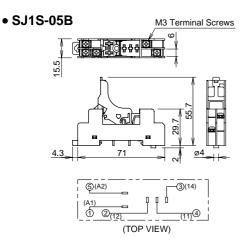
Note: Ring tongue terminals cannot be used on finger-safe sockets.

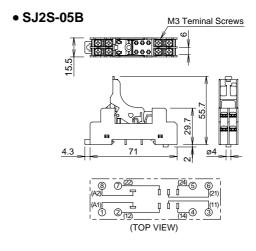
All dimensions in mm.

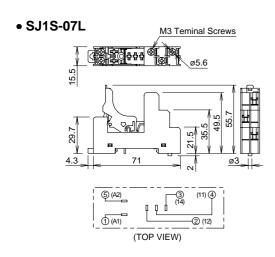


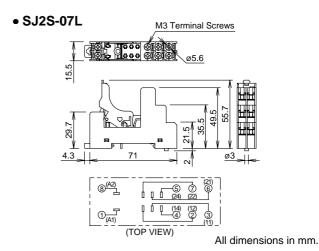
### **RJ** Series Relay Sockets

### **Dimensions**









### **Replacement Parts**

Description	Appearance	Material	Type No.	Ordering Type No.	Package Quantity
Release Lever	7	Plastic (gray)	SJ9Z-C1	SJ9Z-C1PN05	5

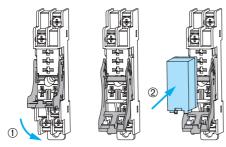
### **Accessories**

Description	Appearance	Material	Type No.	Ordering Type No.	Package Quantity	Note	
DIN Rail		Aluminum Weight: Approx. 200 g	BAA1000	BAA1000PN10		Length: 1 m	
DIN Kali		Steel Weight: Approx. 200 g	BAP1000	BAP1000PN10	10	Width: 35 mm	
Mounting Clip		Metal (zinc plated steel)	BNL5	BNL5PN10		Used on a DIN rail to fasten relay sockets. To prevent the sockets from damage, position the clip before fastening.	
INIOURILING CIIP		Weight: Approx.15 g	BNL6	BNL6PN10			
DIN Rail Spacer		Plastic (black)	SA-406B	SA-406B	1	Thickness: 5 mm Used for adjusting spac- ing between sockets mounted on a DIN rail	

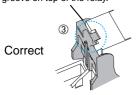
### Instructions

### Installing relays

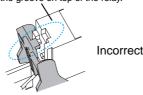
- Unlock the release lever by pulling down as shown with arrow
   ①.
- Press relay against the socket as shown with arrow ②. Make sure that the relay is firmly in place.
- Confirm that the relay is securely installed in the socket. When installed properly, the relay and the socket look as shown in ③.



Latch is inserted into the groove on top of the relay.



The latch is not inserted into the groove on top of the relay

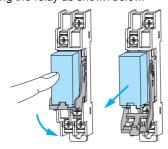


### Caution

Ensure that the relay is installed in the socket completely.
 When installed loosely, the relay may fall out, resulting in possible damage to the relay.

### Removing the relay

 Pull down the release lever until the relay pops out of the socket. When removing, prevent the relay from falling out by lightly pressing the relay as shown below.



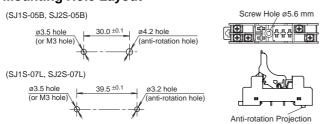
### Caution

- The release lever is removable. Do not apply excessive force, otherwise the lever is removed from the socket causing the relay to fall out.
- When removing, take care that your finger is not caught between the release lever and the socket.

### Panel mounting

 Insert the anti-rotation projection into the anti-rotation hole. Mount the socket onto the panel using M3 screws (not provided). Use a screwdriver with diameter of Ø5.5 mm maximum

### **Mounting Hole Layout**



### Caution

When the release lever prevents the socket from being mounted on the panel directly, remove the release lever as instructed below. Ensure to reinstall the release lever after completing panel mounting.

### Removing the release lever

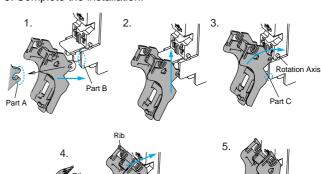
 Pull down the release lever to the direction shown by the arrow until it touches the socket. Pull down further, and the lever will be detached from the socket.

### Caution

 Make sure that the relay has been removed from the socket before removing the release lever. If the release lever is removed when the relay is installed on the socket, the relay may fall out.

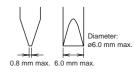
### Installing the release lever

- 1. Attach part A to part B.
- Slide the release lever in the direction of the arrow until part A runs out of part B.
- Rotate the release lever, with the center of rotation at part C until part A touches the rotation axis.
- 4. Push the rib of the release lever against the socket.
- 5. Complete the installation.

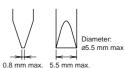


### **Applicable Screwdriver**

• Standard Screw Terminal Type Phillips: ø6.4 mm maximum Slotted: Shown at right



• Finger-safe Screw Terminal Type Phillips: Ø5.5 mm maximum Slotted: Shown at right





### **RU Series Universal Relays**

### Full featured universal miniature relays Designed with environment taken into consideration

- Two terminal styles: plug-in and PCB mount
- Non-polarized LED indicator available on plug-in relays
- Mechanical flag indicator available on plug-in relays
- Manual latching lever with color coding for AC or DC coil
- Snap-on yellow marking plate; optional marking plates are available in four other colors
- Maximum contact ratings: 10A (RU2), 6A (RU4), 3A (RU42)
- UL, CSA, c-UL, EN compliant













### **Safety Precautions**

- Turn off power to the relay and the socket before starting installation, removal, wiring, maintenance, and inspection of the relays. Failure to turn power off may cause electrical shock or fire hazard.
- Observe specifications and rated values, otherwise electrical shock or fire hazard may be caused.
- Use wires of the proper size to meet the voltage and current requirements. Tighten the terminal screws on the relay socket to the proper tightening torque.

Specifications and other descriptions in this catalog are subject to change without notice.



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